

Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

APS X3 : The Actuary as an Expert

Questionnaire

Publication Date: 9 October 2013

Closing date: 9 December 2013

1. About You

Name:	Yvonne Lynch	
Position held:	Director of Professional Affairs	

2. Are you a member of the IFoA?

Yes	\checkmark	No	
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3. If yes, which category of membership?

Student	Fellow	٧
Affiliate	Honorary Fellow	
Associate		

4. Do you want your name to remain confidential?

Yes		No	\checkmark	
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5. Do you want your comments to remain confidential?

Yes	No	\checkmark

6. About your organisation

Name:	Society of Actuaries in Ireland

7. Do you want the name of your organisation to remain confidential?

Yes	No	\checkmark

8. Do these comments represent your own personal views or your organisation's views?

Personal views		Organisation's views		-
Both personal views and organisatior	ı's viev	VS	\checkmark	

We would be particularly interested in hearing your views on the following:

9. Is the purpose in the APS sufficiently wide in its scope?

Yes		No	\checkmark
Comments: The "Purpose" is inconsi of "Proceedings" and "Non UK Proce "of a legal nature" whereas the "Purp suggest that "Purpose" be amende "Proceedings" and "Non UK Proceed	edings bose" ed to	s" – the definitions refer to proceed refers only to "legal proceedings".	dings We

10. Do you agree that the APS should apply to a broad range of proceedings not just civil court proceedings? If you do not agree, what types of proceedings do you think the APS should cover?

Yes	\checkmark	No	
Comments:			

11. Do you think the APS should be limited to UK jurisdictions? Please state your reasons for your choice.

Yes	No	
Comments:		

12. Do you think that the wording of the APS is sufficiently clear?

Yes	No	\checkmark
Comments: There seems to be an a	anomaly between 2.2 and 2.3.	2.2 says that
members "must be satisfied that	they have the necessary leve	l of relevant
knowledge and skill" (emphasis adde	ed), but 2.3 seems to envisage th	at a member
could sometimes act even if he/sh	e does not meet this requirem	ient – would
he/she not then be in breach of 2.2?	We suggest that 2.2 be re-worde	ed.

13. Do you agree that the principles in the APS are sufficiently high level and principlesbased to allow a degree of flexibility?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

14. Do you think the APS and the Guide are helpful to an actuary taking on the role of expert witness or expert advisor?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

15. Do you think the APS and Guide sufficiently cover questions or issues that may arise when considering whether to accept the appointment of as an expert witness or expert advisor?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

16. Are the definitions of expert witness and expert advisor sufficiently clear?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

17. Do you or have you ever acted in the capacity of expert witness or expert advisor in relation to legal proceedings? If so, in which jurisdiction(s) and in which type(s) of proceedings were you instructed?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

18. Do you think that the guidance provided in the Guide is accurate? If not, then what aspects of the Guide do you believe to be inaccurate?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

19. Do you think that the TASs should be applied in relation to expert work in connection with legal proceedings?

Yes		No	\checkmark
Comments: The main body of the Gu However, paragraph 5.2 states that (i her report should adhere to the princi should adhere to the principles of the (we do not wish to comment on that). appropriate stipulations for non-UK w specific ("TASs are drafted in the con – Scope and Authority of Technical A unreasonable to expect actuaries per sufficient familiarity with TASs to obse performance of their work, those actu codes and standards of other Interna associations.)the ac ples of TASs. Howe ork. T text of <i>ctuaria</i> formin erve th aries r	ctuary should consider whether his one or more TASs and (ii)the rep This may be appropriate for UK ever, we do not consider these to b he jurisdiction of the TASs is very prevailing United Kingdom legisla al Standards). We consider it g work in other jurisdictions to hav is guidance. Furthermore, in the nay already be subject to profession	ort work be tion" ⁄e

20. Do you agree that the main body of the Guide should be general and not specific to any particular UK jurisdiction and that the procedural requirements for each of the UK jurisdictions should be set out in appendices? If not, can you explain how you think the guidance should be set out?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

21. Are there any specific jurisdictions or proceedings about which you think it would be helpful to have additional guidance for experts?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

22. Do you think Appendix 1: England and Wales is sufficiently explained?

Yes		No				
Comments:						

23. Do you think Appendix 2: Scotland is sufficiently explained?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

24. Do you think Appendix 3: Northern Ireland is sufficiently explained?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

25. Should there be more detailed guidance in terms of the position in relation to the Rest of the World (currently set out at Appendix 4)?

Yes	No	
Comments:		

26. Do you think there are any other issues that should be covered in the APS or the Guide?

Yes	\checkmark	No
"general comments" section on this frequently. We suggest that it be re word "must" are appropriate – mindfu some inconsistencies – e.g. 3.1 of t that any advice they provide is .	s form viewed ul that t he AP	other issues <i>per se</i> , but there is no). The Guide uses the word "must" I to check whether all instances of the this is a <u>Guide</u> , not an APS. There are S says that members " should ensure independent and objective", whereas must be objective" <i>(emphasis added in</i>

27. Do you think the IFoA should develop professional skills training in relation to expert work in the context of legal proceedings?

Yes	No	
Comments:		