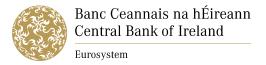


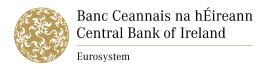


# **Society of Actuaries in Ireland**

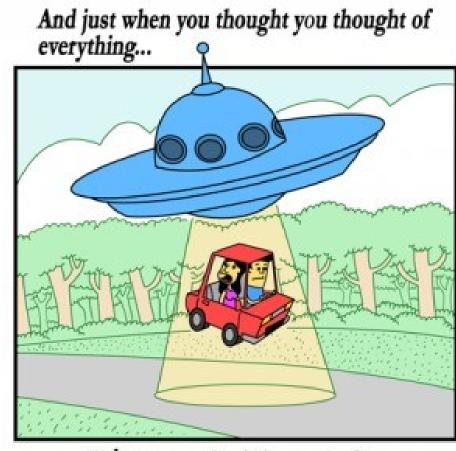
Recovery Planning 26 January 2021 The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter(s) and not necessarily those of the Society of Actuaries in Ireland or their employers.



- Desired Outcome The Why
- Expectations of a good recovery plan The What
- Link with Solvency II The Where



Pre-emptive recovery planning is about being prepared – even for the unexpected.



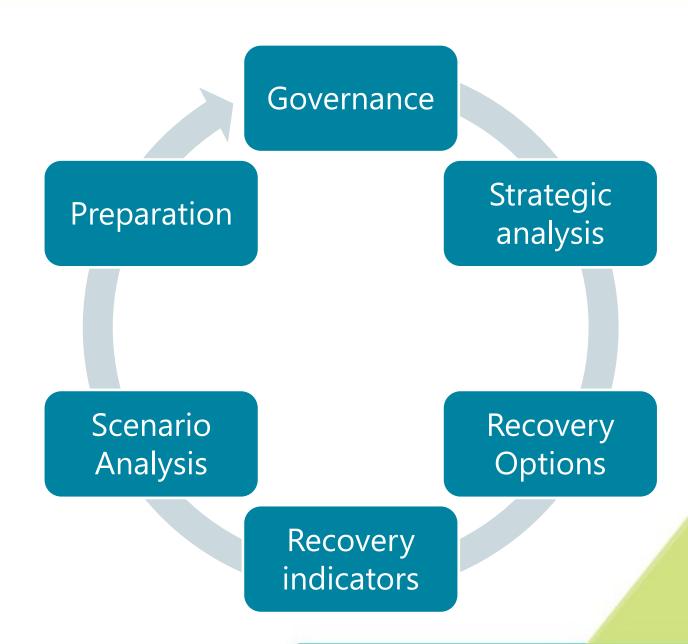
"I **knew** we should have put alien abduction coverage on our policy!"



Structure is straight forward

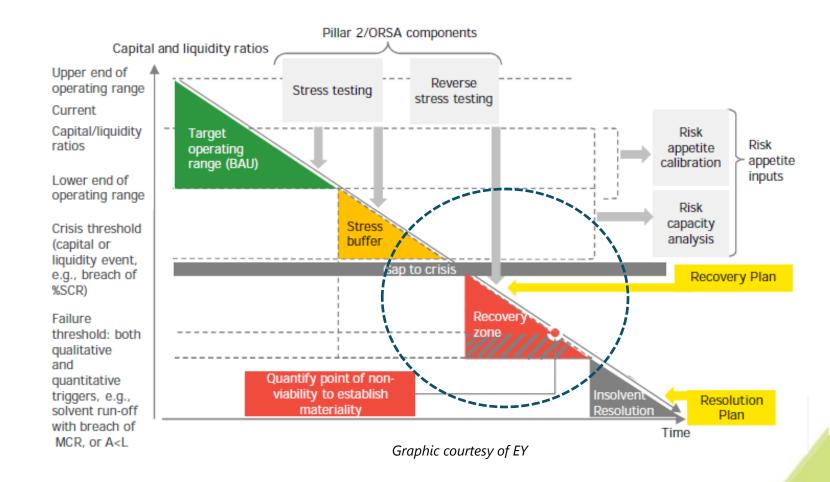
Good or bad will reflect how relevant and proportionate each section of the recovery plan is to the specific circumstances of the insurer.

Quality of thinking is more important than quantity of words



6

Risk Management for success v's anticipating and avoiding failure.





#### **Own Risk and Solvency Assessment:**

Detailed projections and stress tests to determine appropriate capital buffers for business model and risk strategy

V's

Anticipating a severe stress and the potential actions available

#### **Risk Appetite KRIs**

Metrics for measuring and confirming compliance with stated risk appetite

V's

Indicators of a deterioration in financial position

#### **Ladder of Intervention**

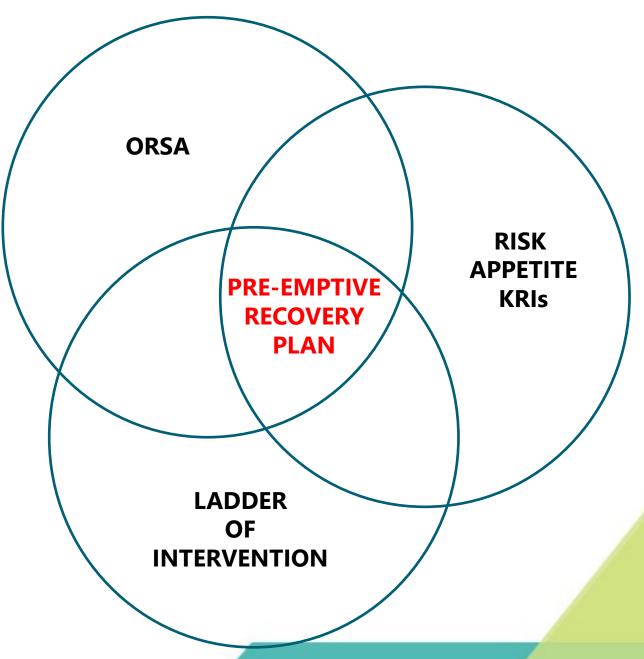
Ex-post recovery plan to remedy an actual or expected breach of SCR/MCR

V's

Banc Ceannais na hÉireann

Extante plans of action for a deteriorating financial position.

Eurosystem



Desired Outcome – The Why

Insurers are adequately prepared for severe adverse events

Expectations of a good recovery plan – The What

Consistent structure applied in a relevant and proportionate way by each insurer

Link with Solvency II – The Where

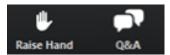
Aligned with existing processes but reflecting the differing objectives



Please click on the 'Raise Hand' icon to ask a question and wait to be unmuted

or

Use the Q&A function







## CP131 – SAI Working Group – Members / Approach

Working group members involved in the CP131 response were:

 Billy Galavan (Chair), Mike Frazer, Viviana Pascoletti, Ciara Regan, Una McMenamin, Rory Coffey & Darragh McHugh (coverage across Life, Non-Life, ERM and Consultancy).

Feedback was routed through the Society's key practice committees and ultimately reviewed and approved for submission by Council.

Submission completed 30th October 2020. Follow up discussions with CBI to provide additional context.



## CP131 – SAI Working Group – Key Feedback (1 / 2)

### 4 Key areas of feedback

- 1. Interaction with the ORSA and Risk Appetite.
  - Reverse stress testing and recovery options in ORSA;
  - Recovery indicators compared to Risk Appetite;
  - Consideration of strategy in RSR.
- 2. Level of detail and complexity required.
  - Proportionality;
  - Guidelines versus regulation;
  - Quantitative or qualitative?
- 3. Written confirmations on support from related parties.
- 4. Alignment with EIOPA developments.



## CP131 – SAI Working Group – Key Feedback (2 / 2)

#### Other areas of feedback included:

- What might a formal Board assessment involve?
- Proportional focus on most impactful recovery options.
- New Business Closure Recovery Option or Scenario?