

Society of Actuaries in Ireland

Solvency II 2020 Review – Impact Assessment

Tuesday, 3rd March, 2020

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Solvency II 2020 Review - Intro

David O'Shea

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Background

Solvency II Directive requires that, by 1 January 2021, the Commission shall review:

LTG measures and equity risk measures

Methods, assumptions & parameters used in calculating standard formula SCR

Calculation of the MCR

Group supervision & capital management



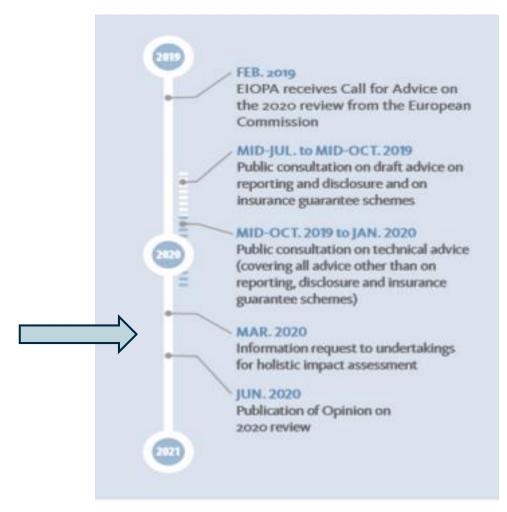
Background

- 11 February 2019 Commission call for Advice to EIOPA:
 - Risk margin
 - Capital Markets Union aspects
 - Macro prudential issues
 - Recovery and resolution
 - Insurance guarantee schemes
 - FoS/FoE supervisory powers

- Reporting and disclosure
- Proportionality and thresholds
- Best estimate
- Own funds
- Reliance on external ratings



EIOPA Timetable



Source: EIOPA Fact sheet on the 2020 review of Solvency II



EIOPA Consultation Papers – First Set

Reporting and Disclosure

- General Issues on Supervisory Reporting and Public Disclosure (55 pages)
- QRTs (131 pages + Annexes)
- SFCR (60 pages)
- Financial Stability Reporting (9 pages)

To be reviewed later in 2019:

- Group QRTs
- RSR
- Technical aspects of the reporting and disclosure process
- Data quality aspects
- Issues linked to other areas of the Solvency II 2020 review, including long-term guarantees templates.

Insurance Guarantee Schemes

 Harmonisation of National Insurance Guarantee Schemes (67 pages)

> Deadline: was 18 October 2019



EIOPA Consultation Papers – Second Set

One 878 page paper covering:

- LTG measures and measures on equity risk (258 pages)
- Technical provisions (43 pages)
- Own funds (27 pages)
- Standard Formula SCR (76 pages)
- MCR (14 pages)
- Reporting and disclosure (34 pages)
- Proportionality (37 pages)
- Group supervision (106 pages)
- FoS/FoE (11 pages)
- Macroprudential policy (41 pages)
- Recovery and resolution (48 pages)
- Insurance Guarantee schemes (1 pages)
- Other topics (16 pages)
- Annex with additional info on some of the above (151 pages)

Deadline: was 15 January 2020

SAI Activity

• Life and Non-Life Working Groups established to respond on consultations, via AAE

Life

Cherith Caffrey

Vanda Glorias

Liam Hannigan

Eoin Murphy

Sarah Manning

Patricia Murphy

Matthew McCaffrey

Luca Pattaconi

Aoife Quinn

Katja Rettig

Eoin King (co-chair)

Dave O'Shea (co-chair)

Non - Life

Junaid Akram

Paula Burke

Tanya Burke

John Fallows

Aaron Kenny

Eoin Ó Baoighill

Gerard Power

Catherine Murphy (co-chair)

Ursula Sherlock (co-chair)



SAI Activity

• Forum:

https://web.actuaries.ie/forum/eiopa-2020-review-2020-impact-assessment/eiopa-2020-review-2020-impact-assessment

- Open to HoAFs by default
- Access can be granted to other members contact Society directly
- Purpose is to enable members to share observations, issues or insights that may emerge with regard to the assessment





2020 Review of Solvency II - Holistic Impact Assessment

Christopher Joyce

Content

- Solvency II 2020 Review Background
- Holistic Impact Assessment
 - Overview why we are doing this now, what is the purpose
 - Technical information on proposed changes
- Next steps





What is the Solvency II 2020 Review

Legislation (SII Directive)

Article 77f – Review of LTG measures Article 111(3) – Review of SCR Article 129(5) – Supervisory Practices in relation to MCR

Article 242(2) – Groups

Call for Information – April 2018

Requests from EU Commission

Call for Advice – Feb 2019



Background to Solvency II 2020 Review - purpose

Proper recognition of the economic context

• Low / negative interest rates

Balance update to regulatory framework

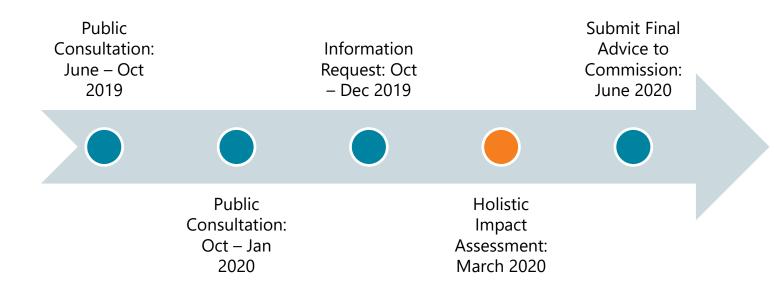
- "Evolution not revolution"
- Availability of products with long term guarantees
- Appropriate treatment of investments and the liabilities they back
- Proportionality

Complete the regulatory toolbox

- Macro-prudential Tools
- Recovery & Resolution
- Insurance Guarantee Schemes



Background to Solvency II 2020 review - timeline



"Evolution not Revolution"

"Beyond the changes on interest rate risk EIOPA aims in general for a balanced impact of the proposals"



Holistic Impact Assessment



Test the combined impact of a package of changes, plus a small number of additional items



items which are expected to materially impact the solvency position of insurers.



Based on the consultation paper launched in October 2019 but with some changes

NOT THE FINAL VIEW OF EIOPA



Undertakings in Scope

- Representative sample of undertakings 50% of IE market by TP (life), GWP (non-life)
- Life / Non-Life / Reinsurance
- Standard Formula and Internal Model users
- CBI sample selected based on risk exposure to key changes
 - VA users
 - Undertakings with long-term liabilities
 - Exposure to certain SCR stresses
 - Size of Risk Margin



Holistic Impact Assessment - Scenarios

Scenario 1: Overall Impact

• Impact of all proposed changes

Scenario 2: Balanced Package

 Same as Scenario 1, but excluding the impact of Interest rate risk changes

Additional Scenarios

- Symmetric Volatility Adjustment
- Dynamic VA in the standard formula
- Interest rate risk (-1.25% floor)
- Interest rate risk (extrapolation)



Technical Specification - Content

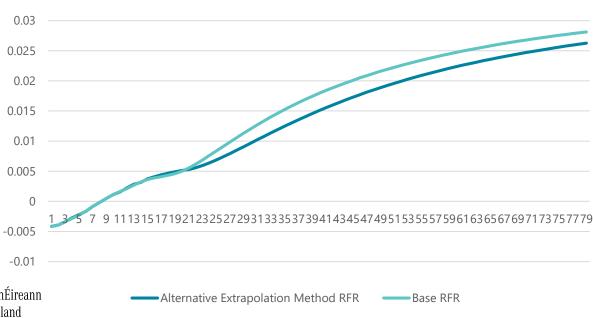
- Risk free interest rates
- Volatility Adjustment
- Risk Margin
- SCR interest rate risk
- Other items



Basic Risk Free Interest Rates

- Alternative Extrapolation Method
 - Last liquid point ➡ First Smoothing Point
 - Market rates are used after the first smoothing point, in proportion to the liquidity of the maturity (based on the existing DLT assessment)
 - Impact all currencies







Volatility Adjustment

- VA = Permanent VA + Macroeconomic VA
- Macroeconomic VA = 0 at YE 2019

$$VA = GAR \cdot AR_4 \cdot AR_5 \cdot Scale_c \cdot RC_S_c$$

Undertaking Specific

Application Ratio 4 (AR₄)–fixed income mismatch

Application Ratio 5 (AR₅) – Illiquidity characteristics

Provided by EIOPA

General Application Ratio – GAR = 85%

Scaling factor

Risk Corrected spreads – representative portfolio



Volatility Adjustment – AR₄

Sensitivity of fixed income investments to change in interest rates

Same calculation as autumn information request

$$AR_4 = \min \left\{ \frac{PVBP(MV_{i,c}^{FI})}{PVBP(BEL_{i,c})}; 1 \right\}$$

Sensitivity of best estimate to change in interest rates



Volatility Adjustment – AR₅

1. High illiquidity – 100% AR₅

- No surrender options / surrender options never lead to a loss
- Low best estimate mortality risk

2. Medium illiquidity – 75% AR₅

- Low best estimate impact of lapse rates
- Low best estimate impact of mortality risk

3. Low illiquidity – 60% AR₅

• Contracts that do not fall into 1. or 2.

Calculation performed for each HRG Final AR₅ is calculated as a weighted average

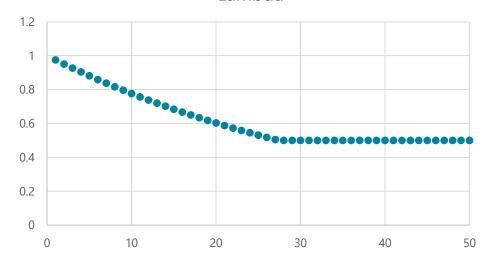


Risk Margin

- New lambda factor
- Reflects
 - Dependencies of SCR projected cashflows
 - Reduces sensitivity to interest rates – for long term business
- Undertakings required to submit projected SCR values



Lambda

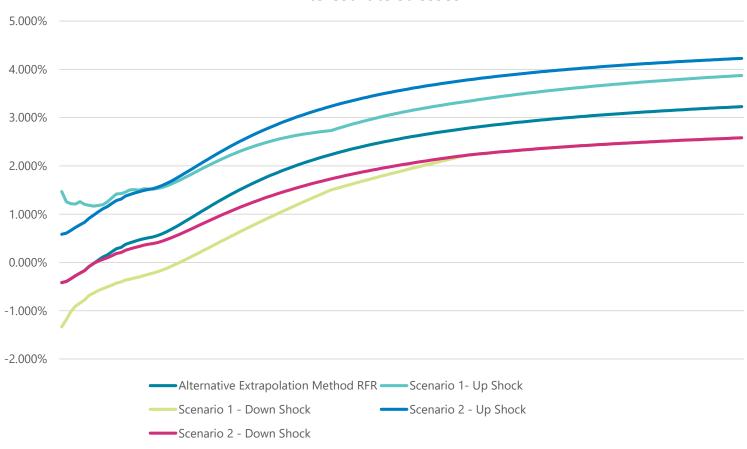


$$RM_{scenario} = CoC \times \sum_{t \ge 0} \frac{SCR(t) \times \max(\lambda^t, 0.5)}{(1 + r(t+1))^{t+1}}$$
 , where $\lambda = 0.975$



SCR – interest rate risk







0.25

Other SCR Items

- Correlation between interest rate and spread risk 0.5
- Long-term equity update to the requirements for use
- Treatment of forborne or defaulted loans
- Recognition of partial guarantees on mortgage loans
- Recognition of risk mitigation techniques effective transfer of risk
- Non-proportional reinsurance
- MCR non-life factors
- Expenses Recognition of realistic new business assumptions in best estimate (Clarification)
- Contract boundaries no right to repeat the individual assessment (Clarification)
- Dynamic VA in internal models



Additional Scenarios

Dynamic VA in standard formula

Own funds buffer when spreads are compressed

Interest rate risk floor Interest rate risk – alternative extrapolation



Dynamic VA in standard formula

- ■Users of VA only
- Reduction in spread risk stress

Stress (DVA) = Stress * max (1 - 42.5% * AR₅ * AR₄, RF_{CQS})

	0	1	2	3	4 and higher
RFcqs	45%	50%	60%	75%	100%



Own funds buffer when spreads are compressed

- ■Users of VA only
- ■Build up of buffer when spreads are compressed can be released when spreads widen
- Own Funds buffer (OFB)

OFB = MV (Current spread + Negative spread Adj) – MV (Current Spread)

Calculated per investment in undertaking fixed income portfolio Negative spread adjustment per country



Interest rate Scenarios

Interest rate floor

Floor of minus 1.25% in interest rate down stress

Extrapolation

Extrapolated stress curve methodology

Based on alternative method – first smoothing point

Impact for CZK, HRK, HUF, CHF, NOK, PLN, RON, SEK



EIOPA resources

https://www.eiopa.europa.eu/solv ency-ii-review-informationrequest-national-supervisoryauthorities https://www.eiopa.europa.eu/sites/default/files/publications/consultations/eiopa-bos-19-465 cp opinion 2020 review.pdf



Technical specification

706.03 KB | EN | NEW FILE

EIOPA-BoS-19/465 15 October 2019



Technical information

XLSM - 394.99 KB | EN | NEW FILE



Reporting template

2.81 MB | EN | NEW FILE

Consultation Paper
on the
Opinion on the 2020 review of
Solvency II



Timeline

Information request launched 2 March Participants submit results to CBI 31 March 1 April – **CBI** validates results 16 April CBI submits consolidated results to EIOPA 16 April



What you should do

- Read the technical specification in detail
- Review the reporting template
- If you have any questions contact the CBI or SAI forum

